(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:32:22 ON 11 SEP 2003) FILE 'INSPEC' ENTERED AT 09:32:31 ON 11 SEP 2003 L1772 ETCHSTOP OR ETCH-STOP L2782 ETCH(A)STOP L3 798 L1 OR L2 14226 GAN L4L5 3123 ALGAN OR GAALN 1 L5 AND L3 L6 FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:37:25 ON 11 SEP 2003 FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 09:37:35 ON 11 SEP 2003 7 L6 L7 7 L7 L8 7 L7

=>

L9

```
=> etch(a)stop
         18921 ETCH
         13677 STOP
L2
           782 ETCH(A)STOP
=> 11 or 12
1.3
           798 L1 OR L2
=> qan
        14226 GAN
L4
=> algan or gaaln
          3061 ALGAN
            86 GAALN
L5
          3123 ALGAN OR GAALN
=> 15 and 13
L6
             1 L5 AND L3
=> d 16 1 all
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 INSPEC (C) 2003 IEE on STN
     2001:6984299 INSPEC
ΑN
                            DN A2001-16-8160C-028; B2001-08-2550E-056
TI
     In situ dry etch monitoring for GaN/AlGaN based device
     structures.
ΑU
    Lacroix, Y.; Nakanishi, T.; Sakai, S. (Satellite Venture Bus. Lab.,
     Tokushima Univ., Japan)
SO
    Proceedings of International Workshop on Nitride Semiconductors
    Tokyo, Japan: Inst. Pure & Appl. Phys, 2000. p.782-5 of 1002 pp. 2 refs.
     Conference: Nagoya, Japan, 24-27 Sept 2000
     Sponsor(s): Japan Soc. Appl. Phys.; Japan Soc. Promotion of Sci
     ISBN: 4-900526-13-4
DT
    Conference Article
TC
    Experimental; Practical
CY
    Japan
LA
    English
     By monitoring the light emitted during reactive ion etching (RIE) from the
AΒ
     etched atoms in the plasma above the wafer, it is shown that it is
     possible to reliably determine the etch stop time for
     conventional GaN-based laser diodes and other device structures. The
     technique is based on in situ monitoring of emissions from electronic
     transitions of Ga and other etched atoms from layers of different
     AlxInyGal-x-yN compositions. For layers containing more aluminum, the etch
     rate is reduced and hence is the density of etched atoms in the plasma,
    resulting in a traceable drop in the signal intensity.
    A8160C Surface treatment and degradation in semiconductor technology;
    A5275R Plasma applications in manufacturing and materials processing:
    A4255P Lasing action in semiconductors; B2550E Surface treatment
    (semiconductor technology); B4320J Semiconductor lasers; B4260D Light
     emitting diodes
    ALUMINIUM COMPOUNDS; GALLIUM COMPOUNDS; III-V SEMICONDUCTORS; INDIUM
     COMPOUNDS; LIGHT EMITTING DIODES; SEMICONDUCTOR LASERS; SPUTTER ETCHING;
     WIDE BAND GAP SEMICONDUCTORS
     Gan/InGan/AlGan based laser diode structure; Gan/AlGan
     based LED structure; in situ dry etch monitoring; light emission;
     reactive ion etching; RIE; etched atoms density; etch stop time;
     electronic transitions; varied AlxInyGal-x-yN compositions; aluminium;
     etch rate; signal intensity; plasma processing; Gan-AlGan;
     Gan-InGan-AlGan
```

CHI GaN-AlGaN int, AlGaN int, GaN int, Al int, Ga int, N int, AlGaN ss, Al ss, Ga ss, N ss, GaN bin, Ga bin, N bin; GaN-InGaN-AlGaN int, AlGaN int, InGaN int, GaN int, Al int, Ga int, In int, N int, AlGaN ss, InGaN ss, Al ss, Ga

ss, In ss, N ss, GaN bin, Ga bin, N bin

ET In; Ga*N; GaN; Ga cp; cp; N cp; Al*Ga*N; Al sy 3; sy 3; Ga sy 3; N sy 3; AlGaN; Al cp; Ga; Al*Ga*In*N; Al sy 4; Sy 4; Ga sy 4; In sy 4; N sy 4; AlxInyGal-x-yN; In cp; V; Ga*In*N; In sy 3; InGaN; GaN-AlGaN; GaN-InGaN-AlGaN; Al

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ANSWER 1 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
    138:197144 CA
    Method for forming Group III nitride materials for semiconductor devices
    Sasaoka, Chiaki
ΤN
PΑ
    NEC Corporation, Japan
SO
    U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp.
    CODEN: USXXCO
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    English
ΙC
    ICM H01L021-00
     ICS H01S005-00; H01L033-00
    257102000; 372045000; 372046000; 257101000; 257103000; 257096000;
NCL
     438022000; 438037000
     76-3 (Electric Phenomena)
     Section cross-reference(s): 75
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                     ____
                                          -----
    US 2003042496 A1 20030306
                                         US 2002-231163
                                                           20020830
    JP 2003078215
                     A2
                           20030314
                                         JP 2001-265854
                                                           20010903
CN 1404192 A 20030319
PRAI JP 2001-265854 A 20010903
                                         CN 2002-132249 20020903
    The invention relates to a method for forming Group III nitride materials
     for semiconductor devices. The device includes a partially etched
    nitride-based compd. semiconductor crystal layer, which is formed by the
    steps of (i) forming a non-crystal layer of a nitride-based compd.
    semiconductor; (ii) etching at least a part of the non-crystal layer to
     form a partially etched non-crystal layer; and (iii) crystg. the partially
    etched non-crystal layer to form a partially etched nitride-based compd.
    semiconductor crystal layer.
    group IIIA nitride semiconductor device
ST
IΤ
    Etching masks
        (etch stop; method for forming Group III nitride
       materials for semiconductor devices)
IT
     Phosphates, processes
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (etchant; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
TT
    Cladding
    Doping
    Electric contacts
     Etching
    Metalorganic vapor phase epitaxy
    Semiconductor films
        (method for forming Group III nitride materials for semiconductor
        devices)
    Oxides (inorganic), uses
TΥ
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (method for forming Group III nitride materials for semiconductor
       devices)
TΤ
    Etching
        (selective; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
IT
    Group IIIA element nitrides
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (semiconductor materials; method for forming Group III nitride
       materials for semiconductor devices)
IT
    Oxidation
        (surface; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
ΙT
    Crystallization
```

```
(thermally induced; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
ΙT
     125297-45-2P, Aluminum gallium nitride (Al0.2Ga0.8N)
                                                         162688-39-3P,
     Gallium indium nitride (Ga0.99In0.01N)
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (barrier layer; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
IT
     1284-72-6, Bis(cyclopentadienyl) magnesium
                                                 7803-62-5, Silane, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (dopant source; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
     7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses
ΙΤ
                                7440-21-3, Silicon, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (dopant; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
ΙT
     7782-44-7, Oxygen, processes
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (dopant; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
ΙT
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (etching mask; method for forming Group III nitride materials for
        semiconductor devices)
    110759-40-5P, Aluminum gallium nitride (Alo.1Gao.9N) 157308-78-6P,
ΙT
     Gallium indium nitride (Ga0.85In0.15N)
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (semiconductor material; method for forming Group III nitride materials
        for semiconductor devices)
     25617-97-4, Gallium nitride (GaN) 106097-44-3, Aluminum gallium nitride
ΙT
              127575-65-9, Aluminum gallium indium nitride (AlGaInN)
     (AlGaN)
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (semiconductor material; method for forming Group III nitride materials
        for semiconductor devices)
ΙT
    24304-00-5, Aluminum nitride
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (semiconductor materials; method for forming Group III nitride
        materials for semiconductor devices)
    75-24-1, Trimethylaluminum 1445-79-0, Trimethylgallium
ΙT
     Trimethylindium 7664-41-7, Ammonia, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (vapor deposition precursor; method for forming Group III nitride
        materials for semiconductor devices)
    ANSWER 2 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L7
    137:286139 CA
AN
TI
    Semiconductor laser devices
    Hasegawa, Yoshiaki; Otsuka, Nobuyuki
ΙN
PA
    Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    Japanese
IC
    ICM H01S005-343
     ICS H01L021-205
CC
    73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
    Properties)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
                   KIND DATE
     ---------
                                         -----
    JP 2002299768 A2 20021011
PΙ
                                        JP 2001-98653 20010330
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PRAI JP 2001-98653
                            20010330
     The devices comprise: a sapphire substrate; an n-GaN buffer layer; an
     n-GaN contact layer having an n shoulder electrode; and an n-AlGaN
     cladding, an n-GaN guide, a GaInN/GaN MQW active, a p-AlGaN cap,
     a p-GaN guide, a p-AlGaN 1st cladding, a p-AlGaN
     etch stop, a p-AlGaN 2nd cladding, a p-GaN
     contact and a p electrode layer.
ST
     aluminum gallium indium nitride laser
IT
     Etching
     Quantum well devices
     Quantum well heterojunctions
     Semiconductor lasers
        (semiconductor laser devices)
     1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide (Al2O3), uses 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
IT
     7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-57-5, Guses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 25617-97-4, Gallium nitride (GaN)
                                                          7440-57-5, Gold,
     106097-44-3, Aluminum gallium nitride (AlGaN) 110584-43-5,
     Aluminum gallium nitride al0.07ga0.93n 120994-23-2, Gallium indium
     nitride (GaInN)
                       132238-81-4, Gallium indium nitride (Ga0.9In0.1N)
     136756-15-5, Aluminum gallium nitride al0.15ga0.85n
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (semiconductor laser devices)
     ANSWER 3 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L7
     134:11296 CA
ΑN
ΤI
     Nitride semiconductor laser devices and manufacture
     Sugawara, Takashi; Kidoguchi, Isao; Suzuki, Masakatsu; Miyanaga, Yoshiko;
ΙN
     Kume, Masahiro; Mizuchi, Kiminori; Ban, Yusaburo
PA
     Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
     Japanese
ΙC
     ICM H01L033-00
     73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
FAN.CNT 1
                    KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
     ------
                                         -----
PI JP 2000332290 A2 20001130
PRAI JP 1999-139717 19990520
                                          JP 1999-139717 19990520
     The devices comprise: (1) a sapphire substrate; (2) an n-GaN buffer layer;
     (3) an n-GaN contact layer with an n shoulder electrode; and (4) an n-
     Algan cladding, (6) an n-GaN quide, (7) a GaInN-QW/GaN-barrier MQW
     active, (8) a p-GaN guide, (9) a p-AlGaN 1st cladding, (10) a
     p-GaN etch stop, (11) a p-AlGaN 2nd
     cladding, (12) a p-GaN contact and (13) a p electrode, where (13)-(11) and
     (12)-(4) form a 1st and a 2nd mesa stripe, resp., formed using a Ta and a
     Pt etch mask and a pyrophosphoric acid as an etchant.
     gallium indium nitride MQW mesa laser; aluminum gallium nitride MQW mesa
     laser
     Etching
ΙT
     Etching masks
     Quantum well devices
     Quantum well heterojunctions
     Semiconductor lasers
        (nitride semiconductor laser devices and manuf.)
     25617-97-4, Gallium nitride (GaN) 110584-43-5, Aluminum gallium nitride
     al0.07ga0.93n 124088-93-3, Gallium indium nitride ga0.8in0.2n
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nitride semiconductor laser devices and manuf.)
ΙT
     2466-09-3, Pyrophosphoric acid
```

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RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or
     reagent); USES (Uses)
        (nitride semiconductor laser devices and manuf.)
ΙT
     7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-25-7, Tantalum, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (nitride semiconductor laser devices and manuf.)
L7
    ANSWER 4 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
    133:215299 CA
AN
    Gallium nitride type semiconductor laser devices and manufacture
TI
    Okumura, Toshiyuki
IN
PA
     Sharp Corp., Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LΑ
    Japanese
     ICM H01S005-323
IC
     ICS H01L033-00
     73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                         -----
     _____
                     ----
    JP 2000252589 A2 20000914
                                        JP 1999-52074
                                                         19990301
PΤ
PRAI JP 1999-52074
                           19990301
    The devices comprise: an n electrode; an n-GaN substrate; an n-GaN buffer,
     an n-GaInN crack prevention, an n-AlGaN cladding, an n-GaN
     guide, a GaInN MQW active, a p-AlGaN vaporization prevention, a
     p-GaN guide, a p-AlGaN 1st cladding, and a p-GaInN etch
     stop layer; a p-AlGaN 2nd cladding ridge stripe layer; a
     p-GaN contact layer formed on the ridge; a p electrode; and a SiO2 current
     confinement layer, where the angle between the stripe and the laser
     resonance axis is 90.degree..+-. 0.3.degree.; and the full width at half
    height of the laser beam is < 3 .mu.m.
ST
    aluminum gallium nitride ridge stripe laser; indium gallium nitride ridge
     stripe laser
ΙT
    Cavity resonators
     Laser cladding
     Quantum well devices
     Quantum well heterojunctions
        (gallium nitride type semiconductor laser devices and manuf.)
     1317-82-4, Sapphire 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 25617-97-4, Gallium
             110759-40-5, Aluminum gallium nitride al0.1ga0.9n 125297-45-2,
     Aluminum gallium nitride al0.2qa0.8n 132238-81-4, Gallium indium nitride
     ga0.9in0.1n 157308-78-6, Gallium indium nitride ga0.85in0.15n
     161117-55-1, Gallium indium nitride qa0.97in0.03n
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (gallium nitride type semiconductor laser devices and manuf.)
    ANSWER 5 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L7
AN
TI
     Semiconductor light-emitting devices and manufacture thereof
IN
     Tamamura, Koji
PA
     Sony Corp., Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
    Japanese
LA
IC
    ICM H01S003-18
     ICS H01L033-00
CC
     73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
```

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FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 11168257 A2 19990622
PRAI JP 1997-332840 19971203
                                         JP 1997-332840 19971203
    The devices comprise: an n-GaAs substrate; an n-GaAs buffer layer; an
     n-GaAs contact layer with an n electrode thereon; an n-AlGaN
     cladding, an n-GaN light quide, a GaInN MQW active, a p-GaN light quide, a
     p-AlGaN cladding, and a p-GaN etch stop
     layer; an inverted mesa comprising a p-GaN contact and a p electrode
     layer; an AlN and an n-GaN current block layer burying the mesa laterally;
     and a SiNx protective layer.
ST
     gallium indium nitride MQW mesa laser; aluminum gallium nitride MQW mesa
     laser; laser mesa gallium nitride MQW
IT
     1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide (Al2O3), uses 12033-89-5, Silicon nitride,
     uses 24304-00-5, Aluminum nitride (AlN) 25617-97-4, Gallium nitride
           106097-44-3, Aluminum gallium nitride (AlGaN)
     109371-84-8, Silicon nitride (Si0-1N0-1) 157308-78-6, Gallium indium
     nitride ga0.85in0.15n 162250-20-6, Gallium indium nitride ga0.98in0.02n
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (semiconductor light-emitting buried mesa DH devices and manuf.)
     ANSWER 6 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L7
AN
     130:73627 CA
ΤI
     Semiconductor light-emitting elements
IN
     Takahashi, Takashi
PA
     Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    Japanese
    ICM H01S003-18
IC
     ICS H01L033-00
CC
    73-10 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related
     Properties)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
FAN.CNT 1
                 KIND DATE
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
PI JP 10326940 A2 19981208 JP 1997-150292 19970523
PRAI JP 1997-150292 19970523
AB A side-up LED comprises
    A side-up LED comprises: a sapphire substrate; an n-GaN buffer layer; an
     n-GaN contact layer; an n-AlGaN cladding layer; an GaInN active
     layer; a AlGaInN etch-stop layer; and a ridge stripe
     comprising a p-AlGaN clading and a p-GaN contact layer.
     gallium indium nitride DH LED
ST
IΤ
     Electroluminescent devices
        (semiconductor light-emitting elements)
     25617-97-4, Gallium nitride (GaN) 106097-44-3, Aluminum gallium nitride
ΙT
     (AlGaN) 120994-23-2, Gallium indium nitride (GaInN)
     127575-65-9, Aluminum gallium indium nitride (AlGaInN)
                                                            136756-15-5,
     Aluminum gallium nitride al0.15ga0.85n 153281-80-2, Gallium indium
     nitride (Ga0.95In0.05N) 210430-42-5, Gallium nitride phosphide
     217948-26-0, Aluminum gallium indium nitride (Al0.33Ga0.6In0.07N)
     217948-30-6, Aluminum indium nitride (Al0.82In0.18N)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
```

(semiconductor light-emitting elements)